

# Investment-based Costs of Equity

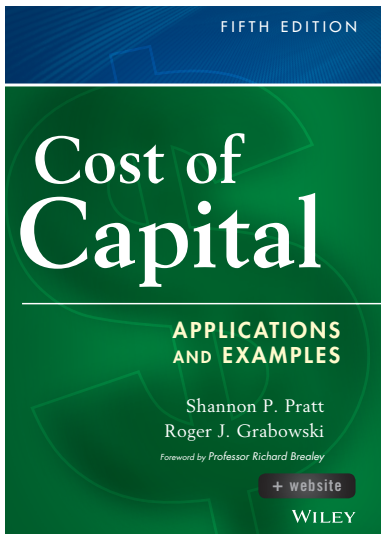
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The cost of equity problem extremely important for practice



One of the most foundational problems in finance

Most applications depend on a cost of equity estimate

Investment management, business valuation, capital budgeting, financing decision

Trillions of dollars involved

The imprecision problem with factor models:

- Fama and French (1997)

Accounting-based implied costs of equity:

- Claus and Thomas (2001); Gebhardt, Lee, and Swaminathan (2001); Easton (2004); Ohlson and Juettner-Nauroth (2005)

The weak association problem:

- Easton and Monahan (2005)

The  $q^5$ -characteristics model estimates costs of equity as  
out-of-sample forecasts from cross-sectional predictive regressions

Size, investment-to-assets, return on equity, and expected growth

Gradient-boosted trees improve on cross-sectional regressions, but  
not materially or reliably in our context

The  $q^5$ -characteristics model competitive in evaluation tests (1977/1–2024/12)

In portfolio sorts, the  $q^5$ -cost of equity (QCE) strongly associated with future returns (the high-minus-low deciles)

$h$	1m	12m	24m		1m	12m	24m		1m	12m	24m
QCE	1.62	0.81	0.57	ICE	-0.03	0.03	0.04	Q5F	0.13	0.32	0.38
	7.29	4.01	2.93		-0.08	0.10	0.13		0.57	1.57	1.95

In cross-sectional regressions, the QCE slopes insignificant from 1

	$h$	$s$	ste	$ t_{s=1} $		$h$	$s$	ste	$ t_{s=1} $		$h$	$s$	ste	$ t_{s=1} $
QCE	1	0.82	0.11	1.63	12	0.63	0.15	2.51	24	0.81	0.13	1.47		
ICE	1	0.42	0.17	3.45	12	0.51	0.13	3.80	24	0.49	0.09	5.90		
Q5F	1	0.01	0.03	35.38	12	0.00	0.02	42.25	24	0.01	0.01	66.00		

QCE underperforms ICE in time series MEV, but competitive in cross-section MEV

	$h$	$\overline{SVar}^{TS}$	$Var^{TS}$	$Cov^{TS}$	$\overline{SVar}^{CX}$	$Var^{CX}$	$Cov^{CX}$
QCE	1	0.0029	0.0072	0.0043	-0.0033	0.0079	0.0112
ICE	1	-0.0198	0.0038	0.0237	0.0015	0.0059	0.0044
Q5F	1	0.0237	0.0202	-0.0035	0.0312	0.0317	0.0004
QCE	12	-0.2009	0.4546	0.6555	-0.1996	0.5234	0.7230
ICE	12	-2.6246	0.7093	3.3340	-0.0644	1.0922	1.1567
Q5F	12	4.3364	3.5564	-0.7801	5.4646	5.4208	-0.0438
QCE	24	-1.8373	1.3018	3.1391	-0.6282	1.6281	2.2563
ICE	24	-8.5829	3.8721	12.46	0.6826	5.6091	4.9265
Q5F	24	23.20	21.96	-1.2398	31.01	31.73	0.7205

QCE resolves the imprecision problem

QCE resolves the weak association problem in the cross section

Strong ICE performance in time series predictability

The firm-level QCE distribution weakly left-skewed, whereas the firm-level ICE distribution right-skewed

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- 2 Evaluating Costs of Equity
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At the beginning of month  $t$ , estimate betas from prior 60-month rolling window (30 minimum)

Estimate factor premiums averaged from the expanding window that starts from January 1967

Add back 1-month Treasury bill rate to obtain the cost of equity

Unconditional factor models imply a flat term structure

The internal rate of return from the residual income model

ICE as the equal-weighted average of four ICE variants:

- Claus and Thomas (2001)
- Gebhardt, Lee, and Swaminathan (2001)
- Easton (2004)
- Ohlson and Juettner-Nauroth (2005)

Estimate earnings forecasts via cross-sectional earnings regressions (Hou, van Dijk, and Zhang 2012)

A flat term structure for ICE (the internal rate of return)

Lewellen (2015): A simple, yet effective, measure of expected returns by combining slopes from prior 120-month rolling windows with the latest available characteristics at the beginning of month  $t$

Investment-based out-of-sample forecasts on the  $q^5$ -characteristics: size, I/A, ROE, and expected growth (EG)

- EG from cross-sectional forecasts of changes in I/A on Tobin's  $q$ , cash-based operating cash flow, and changes in ROE
- For 12-month forecasts, regress cumulative returns from month  $t - 12$  to  $t - 1$  on characteristics known at month  $t - 12$

Gradient-boosted trees capture nonlinear relations between the  $q^5$ -characteristics and expected returns

A tree sequentially splits stocks based on  $q^5$ -characteristics

Boosting mitigates overfitting by combining many shallow trees

Gradient boosting tends to outperform neural nets in tabular data:

- Grinsztajn, Oyallon, and Varoquaux (2022)
- McElfresh et al. (2023)

LightGBM; 120-month rolling window; 5-fold cross-validation; MSE (MAE, Huber); hyperparameters tuning via grid search

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Portfolio sorts: Simplest way to check association with cross-sectional returns

Test slope = 1 in cross-sectional predictive regressions (Lewellen 2015): Test for bias (if large-sample average returns are unbiased)

Bias clearly important for business valuation and capital budgeting

For treatment effects (how differences in corporate policies are related to differences in CE), the CE bias largely irrelevant

Measurement error variance most relevant for treatment effects

The measurement error:  $\omega_{it} = \hat{e}r_{it}^h - er_{it}^h$ :

- $er_{it}^h$ : Firm  $i$ 's true  $h$ -month ahead expected return at the beginning of month  $t$
- $\hat{e}r_{it}^h$ : An empirical proxy of  $er_{it}^h$

$\omega_{it}$  differs from the forecast error,  $\hat{e}_{it+h} \equiv r_{it+h} - \hat{e}r_{it}^h$

Time series and cross-section MEV: Very clever in avoiding the unobservable  $er_{it}$

Time series MEV:

$$\overline{SVar}^{TS} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i SVar_i^{TS}$$

$$SVar_i^{TS} = \text{Var}_i \left( \hat{e}r_{it}^h \right) - 2\text{Cov}_i \left( \hat{e}r_{it}^h, r_{it+h} \right)$$

Cross-section MEV:

$$\overline{SVar}^{CX} = \frac{1}{T^P - h} \sum_t SVar_t^{CX}$$

$$SVar_t^{CX} = \text{Var}_t \left( \hat{e}r_{it}^h \right) - 2\text{Cov}_t \left( \hat{e}r_{it}^h, r_{it+h} \right)$$

Scaled:  $\text{Var}(\omega_{it}) = \text{Var}(\hat{e}r_{it}) - 2\text{Cov}(r_{it+1}, \hat{e}r_{it}) + \text{Var}(er_{it})$

$h$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	H-L
	QCE (the $q^5$ -characteristics model via cross-sectional regressions)										
1	0.15	0.59	0.69	0.88	0.90	0.98	1.10	1.05	1.28	1.77	1.62
	0.53	2.81	3.60	4.67	4.54	4.84	4.97	4.41	5.52	6.57	7.29
3	0.19	0.59	0.66	0.82	0.89	0.99	0.92	1.07	1.17	1.56	1.37
	0.68	2.75	3.39	4.34	4.49	5.06	4.14	4.95	5.18	6.08	6.46
12	0.45	0.75	0.80	0.88	0.91	0.90	0.95	1.00	1.12	1.26	0.81
	1.98	3.92	4.09	4.33	4.43	4.18	4.13	4.11	4.37	4.17	4.01
24	0.51	0.68	0.82	0.83	0.87	0.96	0.99	1.05	1.17	1.08	0.57
	2.41	3.76	4.03	4.08	4.10	4.25	4.21	4.22	4.34	3.45	2.93
36	0.65	0.72	0.75	0.78	0.83	0.82	0.89	0.87	0.92	0.91	0.26
	3.11	3.82	3.61	3.72	3.78	3.69	3.76	3.48	3.54	3.11	1.54
60	0.68	0.79	0.77	0.74	0.78	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.88	0.69	0.01
	3.28	4.04	3.79	3.36	3.52	3.69	3.58	3.54	3.50	2.50	0.07

# Evaluation

## Portfolio sorts, detailed evidence

$h$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	H-L
QCE-GB (the $q^5$ -characteristics model via gradient boosting)											
1	-0.21	0.34	0.60	0.41	0.66	0.78	0.85	0.98	1.23	1.59	1.79
	-0.63	1.28	2.64	2.06	3.34	4.10	4.63	4.83	5.42	5.88	7.02
3	-0.12	0.37	0.47	0.63	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.04	1.20	1.54	1.66
	-0.34	1.44	2.09	3.06	3.36	4.07	4.67	5.04	5.17	5.46	6.17
12	0.32	0.49	0.58	0.75	0.74	0.74	0.83	0.97	1.13	1.20	0.88
	1.07	2.01	2.74	3.93	3.88	3.95	4.43	4.83	4.61	3.80	3.89
24	0.43	0.61	0.72	0.65	0.65	0.72	0.77	0.86	0.97	0.98	0.55
	1.61	2.75	3.58	3.30	3.34	3.75	3.99	4.15	4.00	3.15	3.03
36	0.58	0.66	0.73	0.73	0.69	0.70	0.72	0.73	0.76	0.78	0.20
	2.20	3.05	3.64	3.82	3.65	3.67	3.66	3.51	3.25	2.91	1.16
60	0.71	0.75	0.77	0.80	0.76	0.76	0.79	0.76	0.72	0.66	-0.06
	2.74	3.53	3.84	4.09	3.85	3.91	3.93	3.66	3.36	2.66	-0.34

$h$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	H-L
LCE (the Lewellen 7-variable model)											
1	0.39	0.73	0.88	0.75	0.89	0.96	1.07	1.10	1.23	1.48	1.09
	1.64	3.71	4.80	4.12	4.81	4.69	4.31	4.51	4.35	4.12	3.71
3	0.33	0.65	0.76	0.83	0.87	0.98	0.97	1.09	1.12	1.24	0.91
	1.41	3.37	4.20	4.66	4.66	4.80	4.36	4.32	3.91	3.61	3.32
12	0.59	0.83	0.80	0.85	0.87	0.85	0.95	0.99	0.96	0.97	0.38
	2.52	4.57	4.55	4.61	4.57	4.20	4.27	3.92	3.26	2.78	1.42
24	0.63	0.78	0.80	0.80	0.78	0.85	0.91	0.95	1.00	1.04	0.41
	2.66	4.31	4.57	4.40	4.12	4.19	4.14	3.86	3.57	3.24	1.64
36	0.64	0.80	0.80	0.79	0.82	0.80	0.84	0.86	0.93	0.95	0.31
	2.67	4.30	4.47	4.19	4.21	3.96	3.87	3.70	3.61	3.32	1.31
60	0.73	0.86	0.86	0.84	0.77	0.76	0.77	0.75	0.79	0.79	0.06
	3.10	4.37	4.60	4.40	3.99	3.79	3.65	3.29	3.16	2.91	0.28

$h$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	H-L
ICE (the accounting-based implied cost of equity)											
1	0.79	0.58	0.68	0.72	0.70	0.69	0.77	0.75	0.83	0.75	-0.03
	2.98	2.90	3.76	4.05	4.01	3.92	3.89	3.28	2.87	1.65	-0.08
3	0.80	0.63	0.64	0.70	0.70	0.68	0.75	0.74	0.89	0.64	-0.16
	3.07	3.11	3.53	3.99	4.10	3.77	4.01	3.24	3.26	1.50	-0.43
12	0.75	0.63	0.72	0.70	0.76	0.76	0.73	0.75	0.95	0.78	0.03
	2.90	3.24	3.98	4.03	4.56	4.44	3.98	3.50	3.77	2.06	0.10
24	0.73	0.67	0.76	0.73	0.77	0.78	0.78	0.79	0.95	0.76	0.04
	2.87	3.50	4.20	4.31	4.67	4.69	4.44	3.95	4.01	2.27	0.13
36	0.75	0.70	0.76	0.74	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.77	0.94	0.70	-0.05
	2.98	3.64	4.23	4.37	4.64	4.66	4.56	4.02	4.17	2.25	-0.18
60	0.79	0.73	0.77	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.74	0.75	0.85	0.71	-0.09
	3.21	3.80	4.32	4.44	4.54	4.48	4.40	4.16	4.04	2.46	-0.39

$h$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	H-L
	Q5F (the $q^5$ -factor model)										
1	0.71	0.76	0.66	0.64	0.65	0.66	0.81	0.76	0.89	0.84	0.13
	2.24	2.89	3.03	3.31	3.88	3.75	4.31	3.77	4.09	2.93	0.57
3	0.67	0.84	0.62	0.68	0.64	0.71	0.78	0.78	0.85	0.86	0.19
	2.11	3.14	2.85	3.58	3.75	4.16	4.25	3.96	3.89	2.99	0.83
12	0.67	0.75	0.61	0.66	0.64	0.69	0.76	0.83	0.90	0.99	0.32
	2.14	2.94	2.90	3.67	3.78	4.16	4.25	4.35	4.09	3.54	1.57
24	0.70	0.71	0.58	0.65	0.66	0.66	0.76	0.81	0.93	1.08	0.38
	2.28	2.95	2.90	3.66	3.96	3.99	4.36	4.29	4.17	3.85	1.95
36	0.76	0.67	0.58	0.64	0.67	0.68	0.75	0.79	0.95	1.08	0.32
	2.59	2.86	2.97	3.71	4.12	4.11	4.37	4.22	4.21	3.82	1.72
60	0.85	0.67	0.61	0.65	0.68	0.68	0.72	0.77	0.94	1.03	0.18
	3.02	2.95	3.21	3.80	4.25	4.16	4.26	4.14	4.04	3.64	1.08

# Evaluation

## Cross-sectional predictive regressions, detailed evidence

	$h$	$s$	ste	$ t_{s=1} $	$h$	$s$	ste	$ t_{s=1} $	$h$	$s$	ste	$ t_{s=1} $
QCE	1	0.82	0.11	1.63	12	0.63	0.15	2.51	36	0.61	0.13	3.10
QCE-GB	1	1.23	0.09	2.51	12	0.80	0.16	1.28	36	0.69	0.14	2.26
LCE	1	0.81	0.11	1.76	12	0.70	0.15	2.01	36	0.60	0.16	2.51
ICE	1	0.42	0.17	3.45	12	0.51	0.13	3.80	36	0.38	0.07	9.10
Q5F	1	0.01	0.03	35.38	12	0.00	0.02	42.25	36	0.01	0.01	90.11
QCE	3	0.81	0.13	1.54	24	0.81	0.13	1.47	60	0.54	0.16	2.92
QCE-GB	3	1.07	0.14	0.55	24	0.94	0.14	0.41	60	0.51	0.13	3.70
LCE	3	0.77	0.12	1.83	24	0.72	0.14	2.05	60	0.57	0.18	2.33
ICE	3	0.33	0.15	4.35	24	0.49	0.09	5.90	60	0.29	0.06	12.18
Q5F	3	0.00	0.03	34.41	24	0.01	0.01	66.00	60	0.00	0.00	203.77

# Evaluation

MEV, detailed evidence

	$h$	$\overline{\text{SVar}}^{\text{TS}}$	$\text{Var}^{\text{TS}}$	$\text{Cov}^{\text{TS}}$	$\overline{\text{SVar}}^{\text{CX}}$	$\text{Var}^{\text{CX}}$	$\text{Cov}^{\text{CX}}$
QCE	1	0.0029	0.0072	0.0043	-0.0033	0.0079	0.0112
QCE-GB	1	-0.0063	0.0049	0.0112	-0.0071	0.0052	0.0123
LCE	1	0.0012	0.0051	0.0039	-0.0038	0.0062	0.0100
ICE	1	-0.0198	0.0038	0.0237	0.0015	0.0059	0.0044
Q5F	1	0.0237	0.0202	-0.0035	0.0312	0.0317	0.0004
QCE	3	0.0306	0.0541	0.0236	-0.0239	0.0571	0.0811
QCE-GB	3	-0.0162	0.0365	0.0527	-0.0419	0.0377	0.0796
LCE	3	0.0381	0.0429	0.0048	-0.0233	0.0473	0.0706
ICE	3	-0.1618	0.0357	0.1975	0.0205	0.0558	0.0353
Q5F	3	0.2317	0.1861	-0.0456	0.2927	0.2904	-0.0022
QCE	12	-0.2009	0.4546	0.6555	-0.1996	0.5234	0.7230
QCE-GB	12	-0.4339	0.3363	0.7702	-0.3843	0.3621	0.7464
LCE	12	-0.3560	0.4758	0.8318	-0.2228	0.5898	0.8126
ICE	12	-2.6246	0.7093	3.3340	-0.0644	1.0922	1.1567
Q5F	12	4.3364	3.5564	-0.7801	5.4646	5.4208	-0.0438

# Evaluation

MEV, detailed evidence

	$h$	$\overline{\text{SVar}}^{\text{TS}}$	$\text{Var}^{\text{TS}}$	$\text{Cov}^{\text{TS}}$	$\overline{\text{SVar}}^{\text{CX}}$	$\text{Var}^{\text{CX}}$	$\text{Cov}^{\text{CX}}$
QCE	24	-1.8373	1.3018	3.1391	-0.6282	1.6281	2.2563
QCE-GB	24	-2.2231	0.9961	3.2193	-1.0816	1.0918	2.1734
LCE	24	-3.2462	1.6852	4.9314	-1.1976	2.1540	3.3516
ICE	24	-8.5829	3.8721	12.4551	0.6826	5.6091	4.9265
Q5F	24	23.20	21.96	-1.2398	31.01	31.73	0.7205
QCE	36	-1.3427	2.6343	3.9770	-0.2653	3.1630	3.4283
QCE-GB	36	-1.1691	2.1457	3.3148	-0.9205	2.1069	3.0274
LCE	36	-3.7170	3.8659	7.5829	-1.5122	4.6619	6.1741
ICE	36	-12.66	14.04	26.70	7.97	18.47	10.50
Q5F	36	93.20	93.69	0.4880	122.04	125.04	2.9978
QCE	60	-5.8606	7.9166	13.78	1.6146	9.6297	8.0151
QCE-GB	60	-4.0086	6.8684	10.88	-0.1898	6.7147	6.9045
LCE	60	-7.9222	11.80	19.72	0.3232	13.91	13.58
ICE	60	29.93	139.00	109.07	89.28	141.05	51.77
Q5F	60	1501.82	1496.04	-5.7771	1735.74	1730.84	-4.9075

QCE best performer in sorts and cross-sectional regressions

QCE underperforms ICE in time series MEV but competitive in cross-section MEV

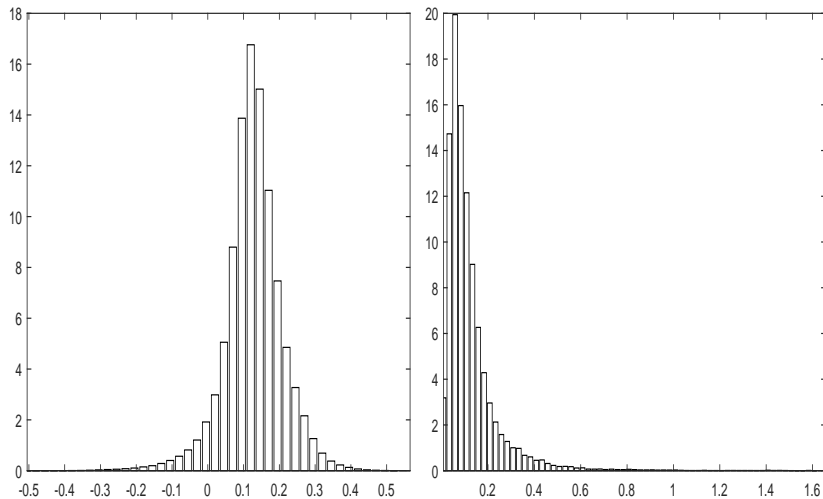
Factor models perform poorly, motivating the  $q^5$ -characteristics model (for the purpose of estimating costs of equity)

Gradient-boosted trees improve on cross-sectional regressions, but not materially or reliably

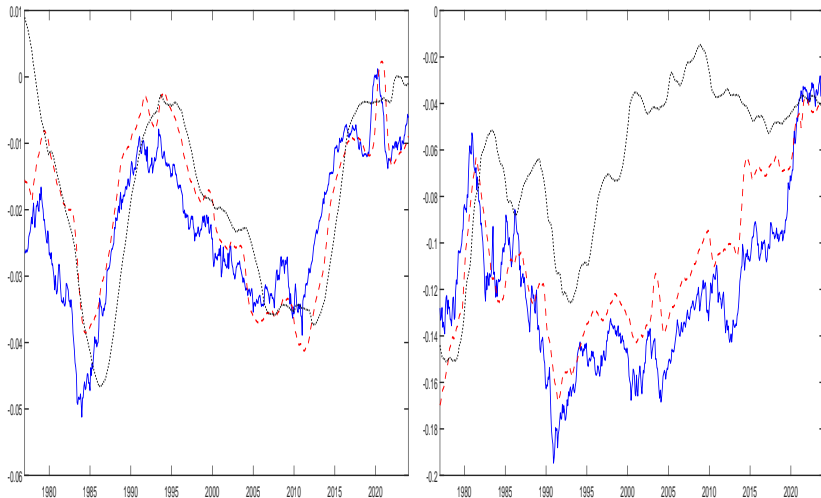
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$h$	Mean	Std	Skew	Kurt	$\rho$	p5	p25	p50	p75	p95
QCE										
1	13.83	10.75	-0.81	2.51	0.91	-6.18	9.17	14.77	19.96	29.23
3	13.69	9.55	-0.90	2.53	0.92	-4.51	9.72	14.73	19.18	27.00
12	13.85	6.85	-0.71	2.08	0.93	1.51	10.44	14.34	18.07	23.83
24	13.50	5.42	-0.74	2.33	0.94	4.02	10.64	13.87	16.92	21.44
36	13.03	4.48	-0.76	2.23	0.95	5.13	10.59	13.36	15.90	19.64
60	12.96	3.50	-0.60	2.34	0.95	6.77	10.98	13.22	15.26	18.12
ICE										
12	13.62	10.26	1.91	3.68	0.97	4.72	7.33	10.14	15.44	38.25
QCE <sub>12</sub> -minus-ICE										
12	1.17	11.07	-1.50	3.80	0.95	-22.39	-1.77	3.81	7.67	13.04

Firm-level costs of equity, 12-month QCE vs. ICE (panel skewness:  $-0.48$  vs.  $4.16$ )

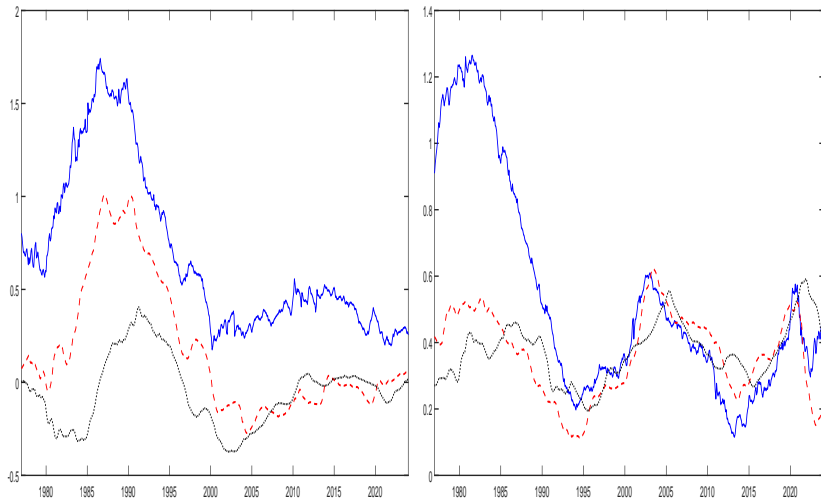


120-month rolling window slopes in cross-sectional regressions of 1- (blue,  $\times 12$ ), 12- (red), and 36-month (black,  $/3$ ) ahead returns underlying the QCE estimates, log ME and I/A, 1977/1–2024/12



# QCE

120-month rolling window slopes in cross-sectional regressions of 1- (blue,  $\times 12$ ), 12- (red), and 36-month (black,  $/3$ ) ahead returns underlying the QCE estimates, ROE and EG, 1977/1–2024/12



Industry costs of equity, January 1977–December 2024:  
18 nonfinancial sectors and 57 nonfinancial industries per NAICS

	QCE <sub>1</sub>	QCE <sub>3</sub>	QCE <sub>12</sub>	QCE <sub>24</sub>	QCE <sub>36</sub>	QCE <sub>60</sub>	ICE	Q5F	AR
Sector costs of equity									
Mean	10.21	10.83	9.66	9.51	9.54	9.77	8.57	9.73	13.66
Std	4.27	4.12	4.12	3.79	3.65	3.72	2.82	7.73	21.03
Industry costs of equity									
Mean	10.75	11.34	10.33	10.12	10.09	10.26	9.04	10.29	13.85
Std	5.10	4.86	4.40	3.92	3.77	3.80	3.37	9.94	25.94

$h$	1m	3m	12m	24m	36m	60m
	Average realized returns					
I/A, 1–10	0.18	0.62	1.32	0.52	−2.38	−15.86
	0.90	1.04	0.62	0.15	−0.45	−1.51
R11, 10–1	0.98	2.55	4.38	−0.01	5.74	14.44
	3.19	2.71	1.39	0.00	0.88	1.34
ROE, 10–1	0.80	1.94	4.00	6.99	10.74	19.96
	3.25	2.72	1.73	1.99	2.28	2.64
EG, 10–1	0.99	2.94	9.56	17.65	26.96	52.83
	5.38	5.50	4.85	5.16	5.18	5.34

$h$	1m	3m	12m	24m	36m	60m
	Average QCEs					
I/A, 1–10	0.72	2.18	7.72	12.10	14.78	17.43
	13.05	14.33	14.54	13.56	12.99	8.88
R11, 10–1	0.39	1.00	1.03	0.14	–1.39	–6.40
	7.37	6.70	2.21	0.19	–1.33	–3.21
ROE, 10–1	1.27	3.17	3.79	2.53	0.54	–6.74
	13.29	10.91	3.75	1.68	0.28	–2.94
EG, 10–1	1.43	3.88	9.28	15.43	20.68	28.33
	14.11	14.25	11.98	11.62	12.57	8.20

$h$	1m	3m	12m	24m	36m	60m
	Average ICEs					
I/A, 1–10	0.24	0.74	3.23	7.29	12.42	27.49
	14.20	14.13	13.78	13.24	12.60	10.96
R11, 10–1	–0.35	–1.07	–4.71	–10.74	–18.54	–42.74
	–10.97	–10.92	–10.68	–10.28	–9.76	–8.36
ROE, 10–1	–0.27	–0.83	–3.66	–8.40	–14.59	–33.62
	–12.73	–12.67	–12.37	–11.89	–11.33	–9.90
EG, 10–1	–0.14	–0.44	–1.96	–4.48	–7.78	–17.99
	–6.32	–6.34	–6.43	–6.54	–6.62	–6.67

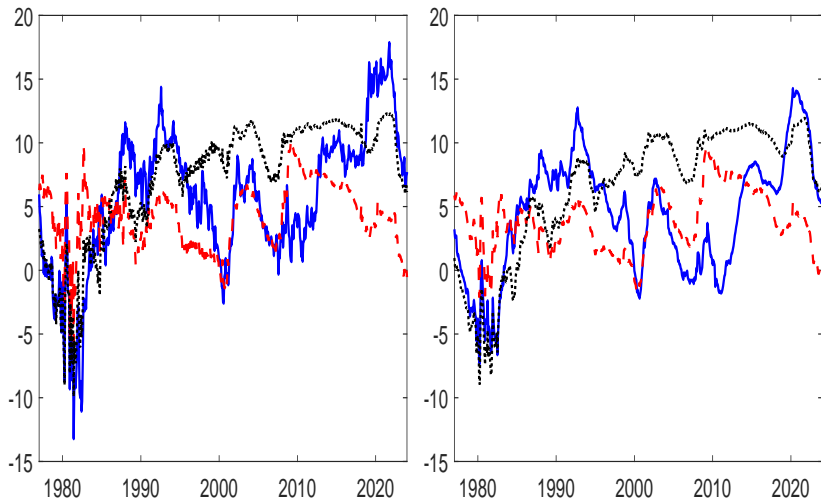
## Predicting factor premiums, January 1977–December 2024

$h$	$s$	$t$	$R^2$	$s$	$t$	$R^2$	$s$	$t$	$R^2$	$s$	$t$	$R^2$
QCE				ICE			QCE			ICE		
I/A				$R^{11}$								
1	1.409	2.879	2.7	1.402	1.148	0.3	0.400	0.617	0.0	4.161	2.353	2.1
3	1.234	2.510	5.1	1.478	1.268	0.8	1.200	1.769	1.1	4.910	2.560	8.5
12	1.107	2.228	8.2	1.544	1.850	3.2	2.101	1.926	6.5	4.498	4.328	28.0
24	0.666	1.364	3.0	0.598	1.047	1.0	2.520	2.362	9.7	3.241	4.980	32.3
36	0.549	1.131	1.7	0.201	0.697	0.2	0.866	0.999	1.7	1.799	6.485	27.3
60	-0.373	-0.587	0.6	0.052	0.302	0.0	0.735	0.941	1.7	0.922	5.505	18.6
ROE				EG								
1	0.423	1.367	0.3	2.488	1.365	0.7	0.129	0.530	0.0	2.109	1.974	0.7
3	0.409	1.314	0.8	2.935	1.849	2.5	0.220	0.822	0.3	1.808	1.849	1.6
12	0.593	2.211	4.2	2.256	2.538	6.7	0.197	0.541	0.4	2.547	3.345	11.1
24	0.788	2.538	8.3	1.655	3.659	10.1	0.319	1.153	1.2	1.518	2.306	8.3
36	0.580	1.525	4.0	1.195	2.740	10.0	0.177	0.569	0.3	0.937	1.487	4.6
60	1.200	2.882	11.8	0.760	4.282	12.0	0.520	1.307	3.2	0.746	1.252	3.8

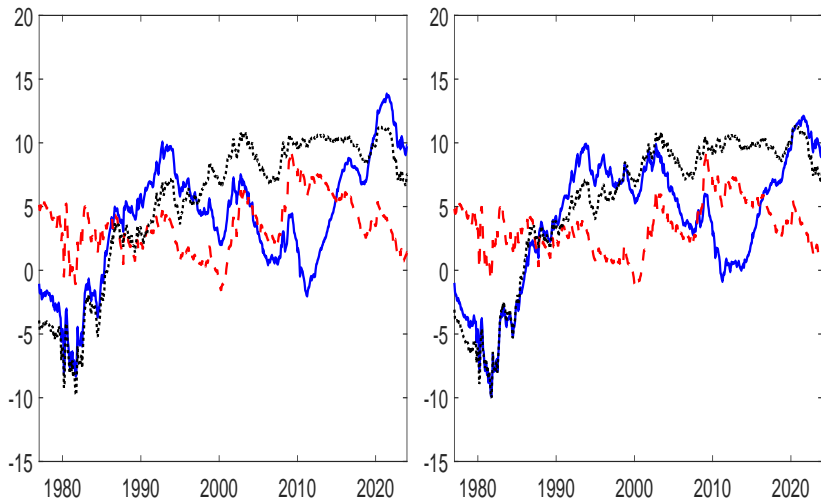
		1m	3m	12m	24m	36m	60m
QCE	mean	5.69	6.62	4.35	3.96	4.01	3.93
	std	5.22	4.78	4.52	4.52	4.72	5.07
ICE	mean	4.14	4.19	3.75	3.56	3.46	3.31
	std	2.54	2.38	2.40	2.29	2.18	1.99
EAR	mean	7.31	7.20	6.39	5.80	5.37	5.30
	std	4.56	4.48	4.98	5.18	5.46	5.56
Rf	mean	4.29	4.25	4.72	4.97	5.13	5.42
	std	3.70	3.50	3.76	3.74	3.67	3.53

QCE						ICE				
$h$	$s$	$t$	$R^2$	$O_{os}-R^2$	$\overline{SVar}^{TS}$	$s$	$t$	$R^2$	$O_{os}-R^2$	$\overline{SVar}^{TS}$
1	0.501	1.064	0.2	-0.1	0.000	2.510	2.500	1.3	0.1	-0.002
3	0.345	0.648	0.2	0.0	0.004	1.935	1.997	2.0	0.3	-0.009
12	0.662	1.363	3.2	1.7	-0.067	1.781	2.390	6.3	2.2	-0.145
24	0.558	1.921	5.1	2.5	-0.112	1.731	2.592	11.3	5.3	-0.550
36	0.381	2.087	3.8	3.6	0.617	1.864	3.026	17.8	11.2	-1.399
60	0.037	0.187	0.1	-1.0	10.518	1.995	4.492	24.5	18.8	-4.849

The Equity Premium, January 1977–December 2024;  
QCE (blue), ICE (red), expanding window averages (black); 1- and 12-month



The Equity Premium, January 1977–December 2024;  
QCE (blue), ICE (red), expanding window averages (black); 36- and 60-month



The  $q^5$ -characteristics model estimates costs of equity as out-of-sample forecasts from cross-sectional predictive regressions